Figure 1

Under certain conditions, each chemical in set R1 may react with each chemical in set R2 and yield to the following set of compounds: $\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$

These eight compounds are represented by the following non-enumerated library. This representation is also called Markush representation:

The Markush representation

Figure 2

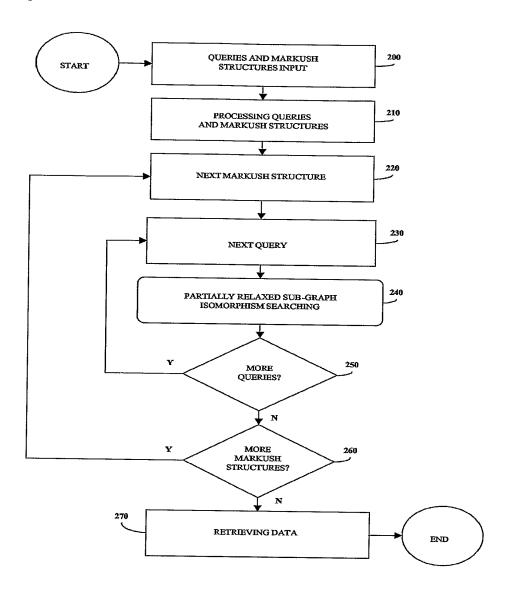


Figure 3

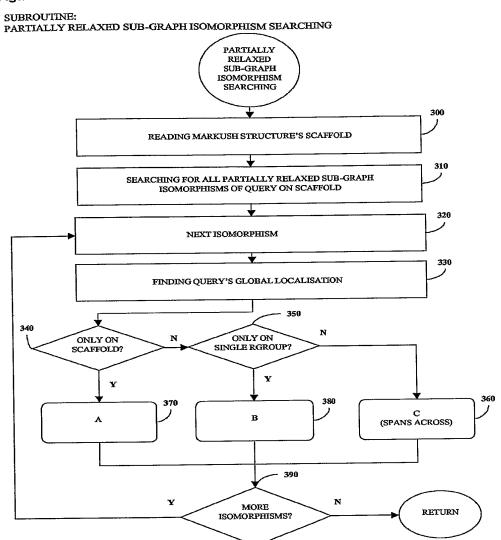


Figure 4

SUBROUTINE: A (QUERY IS LOCATED ONLY ON THE SCAFFOLD)

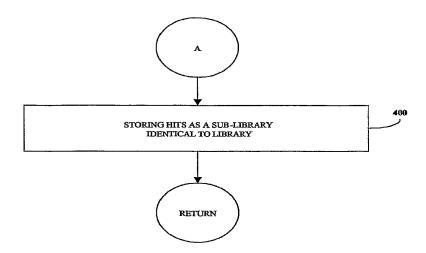


Figure 5

SUBROUTINE:
B (QUERY IS LOCATED ONLY ON A SINGLE RGROUP)

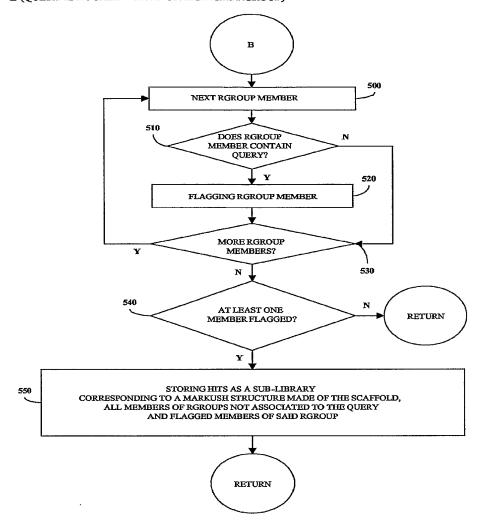


Figure 6

SUBROUTINE: C (QUERY SPANS ACROSS THE SCAFFOLD AND ONE OR MORE RGROUPS)

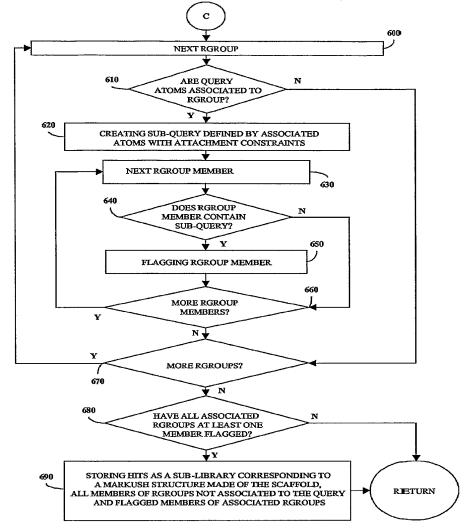


Figure 7

TEST USED IN SUBROUTINES B AND C DOES RGROUP MEMBER CONTAIN QUERY OR SUB-QUERY?

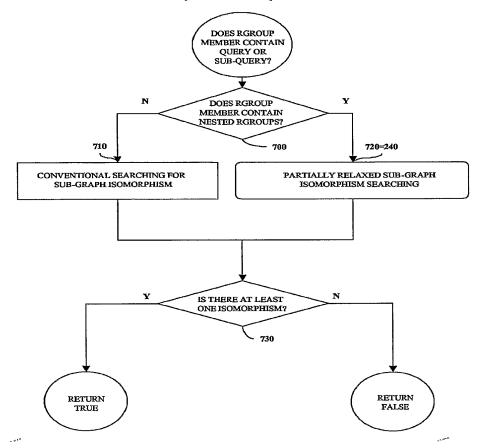
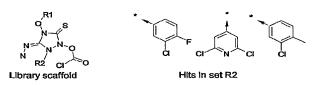


Figure 8

Query structure



Corresponding enumerated hits

Example of search

Figure 9

Examples of query structures handled by the method

Figure 10

Example of localization

Example of query structure localization

Figure 11

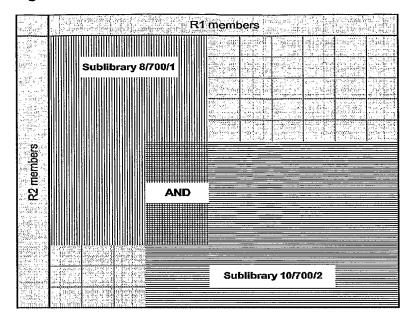
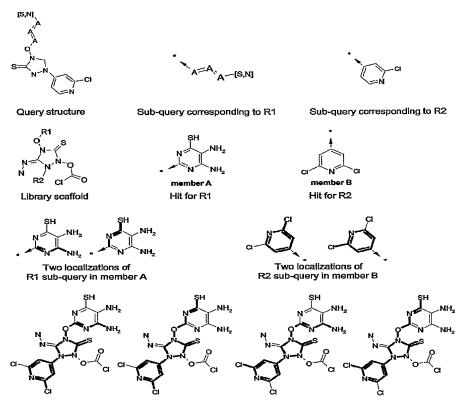


Figure 12



Four localizations of the query in the enumerated product

Counting the occurence of a query structure in compounds for a given isomorphism

Figure 13

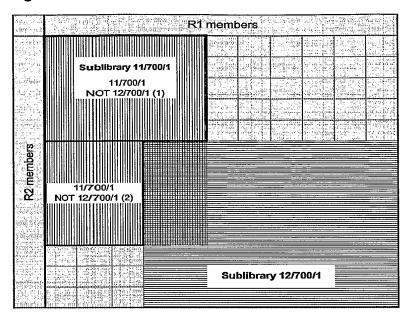


Figure 14

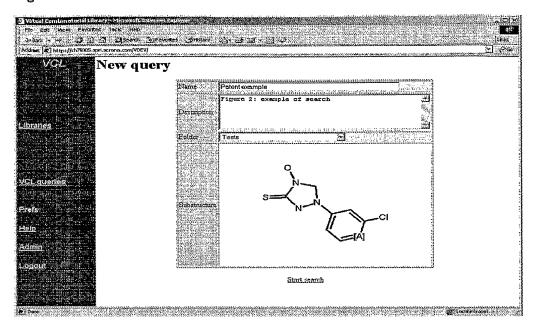


Figure 15

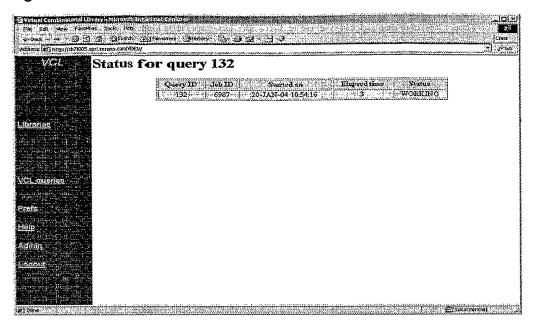


Figure 16

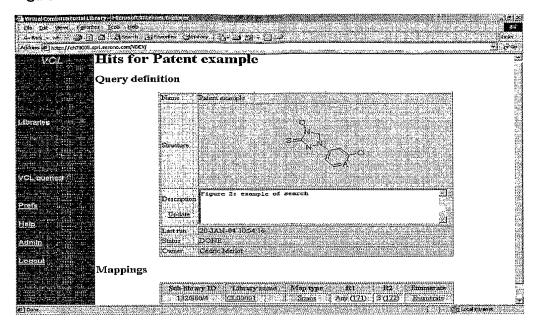


Figure 17

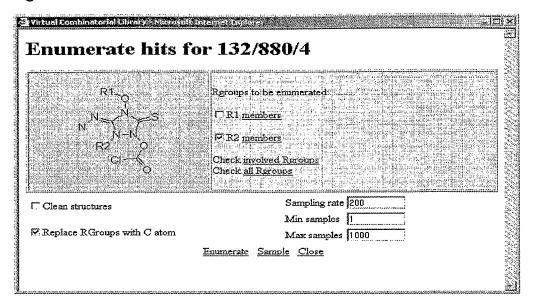


Figure 18

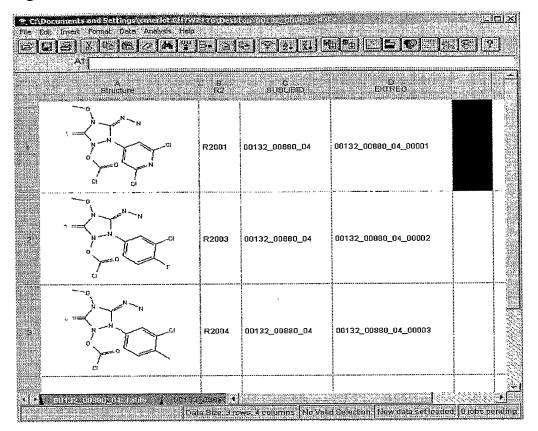


Figure 19

